



### **General Certificate of Education June 2010**

**MD01** 

Mathematics

**Decision 1** 

Mark Scheme

the relevants made at ed by them

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the releval questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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# MD01 - AQA GCE Mark Scheme 2L Mathscloud.com

### Key to mark scheme and abbreviations used in marking

M	mark is for method						
m or dM	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method						
A	mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy						
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy						
Е	mark is for explanation						
$\sqrt{\text{or ft or F}}$	follow through from previous						
	incorrect result	MC	mis-copy				
CAO	correct answer only	MR	mis-read				
CSO	correct solution only	RA	required accuracy				
AWFW	anything which falls within	FW	further work				
AWRT	anything which rounds to	ISW	ignore subsequent work				
ACF	any correct form	FIW	from incorrect work				
AG	answer given	BOD	given benefit of doubt				
SC	special case	WR	work replaced by candidate				
OE	or equivalent	FB	formulae book				
A2,1	2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks	NOS	not on scheme				
–x EE	deduct x marks for each error	G	graph				
NMS	no method shown	c	candidate				
PI	possibly implied	sf	significant figure(s)				
SCA	substantially correct approach	dp	decimal place(s)				

### No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award full marks. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns full marks, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains no marks.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

### **MD01**

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
1(a)	A	M1	2	Bipartite graph, 2 sets of (some) vertices, labelled, 6+ edges.  All correct
(b)	3 letters matched to 2 numbers impossible or 2 letters matched to 3 numbers impossible A, D, E matched to 1, 5 impossible	E1		OE; PI by subsequent E1
	or B, C matched to 2, 3, 4 impossible	E1	2	OE
	Total		4	

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001 (cont	)							Str School
Q			So	lution		Marks	Total	Comments
2(a)(i)	(6	2	3	5	4)			
	2	3	5	4	6	M1		Bubble, condone 1 slip but must have 6 at end of first pass
						A1		1st pass correct
	2	3	4	5	6			
	2	3	4	5	6	A1	3	All correct, these 3 lines only
	Or re	everse:						
	(6	2	3	5	4)			
	2	6	3	4	5	M1		Bubble, condone 1 slip but must have 2 at start of 1st pass
						A1		1st pass correct
	2	3	6	4	5			
	2 2	3	4	6	5			
	2	3	4	5	6	A1		All correct these 4 lines only
								NOTE
								(6   2   3   5   4)
								2 3 5 4 6
								2     3     5     4     6       2     3     5     4     6
								2 3 5 4 6
								2 3 4 5 6
								scores M0
(ii)	4					B1	1	
(b)(i)	(6	2	3	5	4)			
	2	6	3 3	5 5 <u>5</u>	4	M1		Shuttle – swap 2 and 6 only on 1st pass
	2	3	6	5	4	A1		2nd pass
	2	3	5	6		A1		3rd pass
	2	3	4	5	<u>4</u> 6	A1	4	All correct
(ii)	1					В1	1	
					Tota	ıl	9	

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MIDUI (cont				Comments
Q	Solution	Marks	Total	
3(a)	HI 6 DE 8 IJ 9	M1		Kruskal's, 6 + edges stated, not just lengths, (no cycles) must be in ascending order (condone 1 slip only)
	$ \begin{vmatrix} IG &   11 \\ AB &   12 \end{vmatrix} $	B1		9 edges
	CG   14   BF   16	A1		IJ 3rd
	$\begin{bmatrix} BE & 17 \\ FI & 19 \end{bmatrix}$	A1		AB 5th
		A1		BF 7th
		A1	6	All correct
(b)	112	B1	1	
(c)	A $B$ $C$ $F$ $G$	M1 A1 A1	3	tree 7+ edges 9 edges All correct, including labelling
(d)	CG Total	В1	1 11	
	1 Otal		11	

MD01 (cont		Marks	Tatal	Comments
Q 4(a)	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
¬(a)		$\stackrel{B}{\bullet}$	19	
		12		
	A 50 47 13	D	37	11 <i>C</i>
				50° 48
	7 19	6		19 /10
	46 E 20	F		$ \begin{array}{c} 20 \\ G \overline{39} \end{array} $
	20	33.	2 31	13 20
	40 21 9 15 9	22	2	I <sub>20</sub> 40
	40 15 5		6	11
	<i>J</i> 6	K 12	211 /	$L_{9}$
	6	12	2 /9	
		M	0	
		M1 A1		SCA, cancelling at 2+ vertices Correct values at <i>K</i> , condone no box at 11
		m1		3 values at F
		m1		2 values at E or G
		m1 A1		2 values at A or C All correct including final values at
		AI		vertices boxed
		B1	7	49 at <i>B</i>
(b)(i)	Odd vertices $A, B, C, M$	E1		PI, CAO
	AB + CM = 25 + 48  or  73	M1		3 correct sets of lettered pairs of
	AC + BM = 24 + 49  or  73			candidate's vertices
	AM + BC = 47 + 23  or  70	A2,1		3 correct, 2 correct
	Min = 384 + 70	A1F		PI, 384 plus their shortest
	= 454	B1	6	SC
				SC 454 with no working, or 454 with route
				2/6   Route without 454 0/6
(ii)		B1	1	
	Total		14	

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Q Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
5(a)	S T R I N G S	M1	1000	Tour starting from any vertex
	64 70 82 80 82 72	m1		Visits all other vertices only once
		A1		Correct order
	= 450	B1	4	
				Note: If solution on a matrix then order of
				selection of vertices must be clearly
				shown
(b)	N G S T R I N	B1F	1	Must have scored M2 in part (a)
	Or reverse		1	Wast have secred W2 in part (a)
(c)	Delete S	M1		Clear method: spanning tree (edges or
				diagram, not just numbers) with one
				vertex deleted AND adding 2 edges from
				deleted vertex (condone double shortest edge from deleted vertex)
	G ullet			cage from defeted vertex)
	I			
	76 73			
	70 79	B1		Spanning tree with 4 edges (may include
	74 • N			(S)
	T	A 1		Comment MCT
	70	A1		Correct MST
	ightharpoons R			
	+			
	I			
	64 /68	A1F		2 shortest from candidate's deleted vertex
				(not shortest edge doubled)
	Š			
			_	
	= 425	A1	5	SC 425 without earning first M1: 2/5
	Total		10	

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MD01 (cont)			Maules	T-4-1	Comments
Q 6(a)	Solution $x \ge 190, y \ge 50, z \ge 50$	oe	Marks B1	Total	Comments
U(a)					
	$x + y + z \ge 300$ $2.5x + 2y + 2z \le 1000$	oe oe	B1		Strict in aqualities, manalice Sections
		oe	B1		Strict inequalities: penalise first two
	$\left(5x + 4y + 4z \le 2000\right)$				instances only
	$x \ge \frac{60}{100} \left( x + y + z \right)$	oe	B1 )	4	
	$(2x \ge 3y + 3z)$				
(b)(i)	y = z				
	$x \ge 190, \ y \ge 50$				
	$x + 2y \ge 300$	oe	M1		$x + y + y \ge 300 \text{ or } 5x + 4y + 4y \le 2000$ or $2x \ge 3y + 3y$
	$5x + 8y \le 2000$				ie at least one clear line of working
	•				showing substitution of $y = z$
	$2x \ge 6y$				
	$\left(y \le \frac{1}{3}x\right)$	oe	A1	2	AG All correct (3 'or' become 'and')
(ii)	<i>y</i> <b></b>				
(11)	300				
	250				
	200				
	200				
	150				
	100				
	OL				
	50			FR	
	0				
	0 50	100 150	200	250	300 350 400 450 x
					For all lines must be correct to $\frac{1}{2}$ square
					horizontal or vertical
			B1		x = 190, y = 50
			B1		through (0,150) and (300,0)
			B1 M1		through (0,250) and (400,0) y = mx through (0,0)
			A1		y = mx through (0,0) through (300,100)
			B1		Region must have all lines correct and
			2.		labelled region (condone lack of shading)
			B1	7	A correct objective line

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Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
6 (b)(iii)	$P = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{4}y + \frac{1}{4}z \text{ or } \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}y$	M1		PI
	Max at $(320,50)$ Profit $(160 + 25) = £185$ Buys 320 slow, 50 medium, 50 fast	B1 A1 B1	4	Note: (with no working) £185 3/4 320 slow, 50 medium, 50 fast 2/4 320 slow, 50 medium, 50 fast and £185
	Total		17	4/4

MD01 - AQA GCE Mark Scheme 2L Marks Cloud Com MD01 (cont) Q **Solution** Marks Total D Е 4 (1 0 0) 1st pass to candidate's  $\frac{8}{3}$  $\frac{8}{3}$  $\frac{4}{3}$ M1 0.22404 3 -4 444 1st pass all correct to E = 0.22**A**1 (awrt 2.67) (awrt (awrt -1.33) 0.22) 2nd pass to candidate's  $\frac{52}{15}$ M1 <u>52</u> 0.10671 5 4 2nd pass correct to E = 0.11<del>-</del>5 **A**1 15 111 (awrt (awrt 3.5) 0.11) 3rd pass to candidate's  $\frac{304}{105}$ M1304 7 0.0599 105 (awrt (awrt (awrt -0.571) 2.9) 0.06) 1052 9 4 0.03987 315 (awrt (awrt (awrt A1 6 All correct and no extra line 0.444)3.34) 0.04) Final answer  $\frac{1052}{315}$  or awrt 3.34  $\pi$  is approximately 3.34

Total

6

				MD01 - AQA GCE Mark Scheme 20 Comments
				MD01 - AQA GCE Mark Scheme 20
1 (cont)				
Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
8(a)	Max 5 Min 1	B1 B1	2	Do not allow 1° or 5°
(b)	$4x - 12 \ge 1 \text{ (or } > 0)$			
	$\left(x \ge \frac{13}{4}\right)$			
	Or $4x - 12 \le 5 \text{ (or } <6)$			
	$\left(x \le \frac{17}{4}\right)$	M1		Any one of these inequalities
	Or $2x-4 \le 5 \text{ (or } < 6)$			OR Exhaustive check of all values from 1 t inclusive, condone one omission.
	$x \le \frac{9}{2}$			merusive, conduite one omission.
	x = 4	A1	2	First inequality and one of the other two or completely correct exhaustive check and $x = 4$
	Alternative solution Sum of degrees = $11x - 24$ must be even			
	$\Rightarrow x$ is even $x-2>0 \Rightarrow x>2$	M1		
	$x \le 5$ Hence $x = 4$	<b>A</b> 1		
	Takal		4	
	Total TOTAL		75	